## **Small Ruminants - Sample Collection**



- Use electric shears to shave a patch of hair/wool approximately 4" wide x 8" long from the animal's neck to visualize the jugular vein. Shaving allows for easier viewing of the vein and provides a clean area to help prevent infection.
- Note: Blood sampling can be done with assistance or alone; however, producers who are new at blood sampling will benefit from having assistance.
- The assistant should turn the head of the animal at a 30-degree angle to the side by holding the animal under its jaw to allow for easy access to the vein. The animal's body may also need to be restrained; another assistant or a blocking stand can help keep the animal from moving.
- Restraining an animal without assistance is better for those who have become proficient at drawing blood. The handler should straddle the animal, place his or her knees behind the animal's shoulders, and back the animal into a corner or against a wall to help control her hindquarters.
- The animal's head should be turned opposite to the side of collection, once again at a 30-degree angle. Restraint of the head is accomplished by using the elbow and the upper arm to keep it held off to the side. This leaves both hands available for the blood collection. An unruly animal can be dangerous to the assistants, the person drawing the blood, and to itself. It is important to be gentle and patient when restraining the animal.
- The easiest way to locate the jugular vein is to draw an imaginary line from the middle of the animal's eye down the side of her neck. Then apply pressure with your thumb or fingers in the groove on either side of the trachea and below the half-way point of the shaved area. This should cause the vein to pop up and be easy to see.
- Once the vein has been located, the area needs to be properly cleaned to keep bacteria out of
  the needle insertion site. This is accomplished using surgical scrub on the area apply a small
  amount to a few pieces of gauze. Squeeze excess scrub out of the gauze, start in the center, and
  work your way out toward the edge. Never go back over a place that has already been wiped,
  which may allow bacteria to be carried back into the disinfected area.
- Once the area has been cleaned and the vein has been located, the blood can be drawn. This can be done using a needle, needle holder, and a blood collection tube. Remember to use a fresh bleeding needle with every animal; cross-contamination of blood will affect the results.
- Screw the Vacutainer needle onto the needle holder if not already prepared.
- Insert the Vacutainer tube into the other end of the needle holder until the stopper touches the back portion of the needle. Do not puncture the stopper yet. Hold these assembled materials in one hand.
- The needle holder should be guided into place with the right hand while the left hand is used to apply pressure to the vein. The vein should be easy to see and feel aim for the center to improve accuracy. Inserting the needle does not require great force; apply just enough pressure to break through the skin and enter into the jugular vein.
- Blood will appear at the junction of the stopper and the back portion of the needle once the vein is punctured. If it does not appear, gently withdraw the needle so that the tip comes to the outside of the wall of the vein and re-insert.
- Once blood is seen, push the tube onto the back portion of needle creating a vacuum. If the
  needle is in the vein, blood will start to fill the container immediately. Be sure to keep the needle
  under the skin as the vacuum will pull blood into the tube and if suction is lost, blood cannot be

- collected. Use a new tube if this happens.
- Collect 2cc or more of blood. Samples less than 2cc cannot be used for testing.
- Before removing the needle, the handler should be sure to remove pressure from their left hand to prevent forcing blood out of the insertion site. Gently remove needle. Press fingertip over the insertion site for a few seconds to promote clotting. A small red dot may be visible once process is completed. This is normal and not of concern.
- Remove tube from holder, unscrew the Vacutainer needle from the needle holder, and discard the needle into a "sharps" container. Needle holders can be reused.
- Sequentially and <u>LEGIBLY</u> label the sample vials with the ear tag ID using a permanent marker
  on the vial label, NOT the rubber stopper. These IDs should also be reflected on the submission
  sheet.
- Place the tube(s) in a refrigerator until ready for shipment.
- Completely fill out the BioPRYN Pregnancy Test Form (here). Please be certain that the total number of samples sent is correct, IDs match tube numbers, and payment is included.
- Send samples (wrapped in absorbant material in a plastic bag) and submission form in a box to the laboratory following shipping instructions.
- Tennessee Livestock Testing will process samples received in a weekly batch, and results will be reported via email.